## In the Claims:

Please cancel claim 5 without prejudice.

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 9 (Twice amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (VII)

wherein R³ is hydrogen; hydroxyl or a protected hydroxyl; a C³-7 carbocyclic group optionally substituted with C¹-4alkyl, C¹-4alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen; a C²-8 hydrocarbyl group, wherein carbon atoms may be substituted by one or more heteroatoms such as N, O or S, and wherein such C²-8 hydrocarbyl group may be optionally substituted with C¹-4alkyl, C¹-4alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen; or a C⁴-7 heterocyclic group, wherein at least one carbon atom is replaced by a N, O, or S atom and wherein such C⁴-7 heterocyclic group may be optionally substituted with C¹-4alkyl, C¹-4alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen; provided that such groups are not attached by a glycosidic bond, [or any group which is not attached by a glycosidic bond,] comprising [ring closure of] reacting a compound of formula (VI)



BI

wherein R³ is [hydrogen or any group which is not attached by a glycosidic bond] <u>as defined</u> above, with a trialkylorthoformate in the presence of an <u>aqueous</u> acid.

18. (Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (VII)

 $B^2$ 

$$H_2N$$
 $N$ 
 $R^3$ 
(VII)

wherein R³ is a C₃-7 carbocyclic group optionally substituted with C₁-₄alkyl, C₁-₄alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen, a C₂-8 hydrocarbyl group, wherein carbon atoms may be substituted by one or more heteroatoms such as N, O or S and wherein such C₂-8 hydrocarbyl group may be optionally substituted with C₁-₄alkyl, C₁-₄alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen; or a C₄-7 heterocyclic group, wherein at least one carbon atom is replaced by a N, O, or S atom atom and wherein such C₄-7 heterocyclic group may be optionally substituted with C₁-₄alkyl, C₁-₄alkoxy, hydroxyl or protected hydroxyl, azido, phosphonyl, or halogen provided that such groups are not attached by a glycosidic bond, comprising [ring closure of] reacting a compound of formula (VI)

Ba

wherein R³ is [hydrogen or any group which is not attached by a glycosidic bond,] <u>as defined</u> above with a trialkylorthoformate in the presence of an <u>aqueous</u> acid.

19. À process for the preparation of a compound of formula (VII)

wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from:

a.

b.



c.

d. (CH<sub>3</sub>C(O)OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-;

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{HOCH_2CH_2CHCH_2}\text{-}\\ |\\ \mathrm{CH_2OH} \end{array}$$
 e.

h.

comprising [ring closure of] reacting a compound of formula (VI)

 $\beta^{o}$ 

wherein R³ is [hydrogen or any group which is not attached by a glycosidic bond,] <u>as defined</u> above with a trialkylorthoformate\_in the presence of an <u>aqueous</u> acid.

20. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (VII)

wherein R<sup>3</sup> is

comprising [ring closure of] reacting a compound of formula (VI)